

# Safety Data Sheet

## SECTION 1 IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

### 1.1 Product identifier

#### Delo TorqForce SAE 10W, 30, 50

Product Number(s): 804134, 804135, 804136

### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified Uses: Drive Train Fluid

### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Uno-X Smørelje AS  
Gladengveien 2  
NO-0661 Oslo  
Norway  
www.olje.unox.no  
email : olje@unox.no

### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

#### Transportation Emergency Response

CHEMTREC: +1 703 527 3887

#### Health Emergency

Chevron Emergency Information Center: International calls accepted 24 hours: +1 510 231 0623

Poison Control Centre Norway: 0047/22591300

#### Product Information

Technical Information: (+47)04210

## SECTION 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

#### CLP CLASSIFICATION:

Not classified as dangerous according to EU regulatory guidelines.

### 2.2 Label elements

Under the criteria of Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP):

Not classified

### 2.3 Other hazards

This product is not, or does not contain, a substance that is a potential PBT or a vPvB. This product contains a substance that has been identified as potentially having endocrine disrupting properties:

- contains: Phenol, dodecyl-, branched

## SECTION 3 COMPOSITION/ INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

### 3.2 Mixtures

This material is a mixture.

COMPONENTS	CAS NUMBER	EC NUMBER	REGISTRATION NUMBER	CLP CLASSIFICATION	AMOUNT
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Highly refined mineral oil (C15 - C50)	Mixture	*	***	None	70 - 99 %weight
Phenol,paraalkylation prod. with C10-15 branched olefins (C12 rich) derived from propene oligomerization, carbonates, Ca salts, overbased, sulfurized including dist. (petroleum), hydrotreated, solvent-refined/dewaxed, cat. dewaxed, light/heavy paraffinic C15-C50†	68784-26-9	701-251-5	01-2119524004-56	Aquatic Chronic 4/H413	1 - 5 %weight
Zinc bis[O,O-bis(2-ethylhexyl)] bis(dithiophosphate)	4259-15-8	224-235-5	01-2119493635-27	Aquatic Chronic 2/H411; Eye Dam. 1/H318	1 - < 2.5 %weight
Phenol, dodecyl-, branched	121158-58-5	310-154-3	01-2119513207-49	Aquatic Acute 1/H400 [M=10]; Aquatic Chronic 1/H410 [M=10]; Eye Dam. 1/H318; Repr. 1B/H360F; Skin Corr. 1C/H314	< 0.3 %weight

The full text of all CLP H-statements is shown in Section 16.

In accordance with the Regulation (EC)No 1272/2008, Nota L, reference IP 346/92: "DMSO Extraction Method", we have determined that the base oils used in this preparation are not carcinogenic.

\*Contains one or more of the following EINECS numbers: 265-090-8, 265-091-3, 265-096-0, 265-097-6, 265-098-1, 265-101-6, 265-155-0, 265-156-6, 265-157-1, 265-158-7, 265-159-2, 265-160-8, 265-166-0, 265-169-7, 265-176-5, 276-736-3, 276-737-9, 276-738-4, 278-012-2.

\*\*\* Contains one or more of the following REACH registration numbers: 01-2119488706-23, 01-2119487067-30, 01-2119487081-40, 01-2119483621-38, 01-2119480374-36, 01-2119488707-21, 01-2119467170-45, 01-2119480375-34, 01-2119484627-25, 01-2119480132-48, 01-2119487077-29, 01-2119489287-22, 01-2119480472-38, 01-2119471299-27, 01-2119485040-48, 01-2119555262-43, 01-2119495601-36, 01-2119474889-13, 01-2119474878-16.

## SECTION 4 FIRST AID MEASURES

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

**Eye:** No specific first aid measures are required. As a precaution, remove contact lenses, if worn, and flush eyes with water.

**Skin:** No specific first aid measures are required. As a precaution, remove clothing and shoes if contaminated. To remove the material from skin, use soap and water. Discard contaminated clothing and shoes or thoroughly clean before reuse.

**Ingestion:** No specific first aid measures are required. Do not induce vomiting. As a precaution, get medical advice.

**Inhalation:** No specific first aid measures are required. If exposed to excessive levels of material in the air, move the exposed person to fresh air. Get medical attention if coughing or respiratory discomfort occurs. If exposure to hydrogen sulfide (H<sub>2</sub>S) gas is possible during an emergency, wear an approved, positive pressure air-supplying respirator. Move the exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, give

artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get immediate medical attention.

#### **4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**

##### **IMMEDIATE SYMPTOMS AND HEALTH EFFECTS**

**Eye:** Not expected to cause prolonged or significant eye irritation.

**Skin:** High-Pressure Equipment Information: Accidental high-velocity injection under the skin of materials of this type may result in serious injury. Seek medical attention at once should an accident like this occur. The initial wound at the injection site may not appear to be serious at first; but, if left untreated, could result in disfigurement or amputation of the affected part.

Contact with the skin is not expected to be harmful.

**Ingestion:** Not expected to be harmful if swallowed.

**Inhalation:** Not expected to be harmful if inhaled. Contains a petroleum-based mineral oil. May cause respiratory irritation or other pulmonary effects following prolonged or repeated inhalation of oil mist at airborne levels above the recommended mineral oil mist exposure limit. Symptoms of respiratory irritation may include coughing and difficulty breathing. Hydrogen sulfide has a strong rotten-egg odor. However, with continued exposure and at high levels, H<sub>2</sub>S may deaden a person's sense of smell. If the rotten egg odor is no longer noticeable, it may not necessarily mean that exposure has stopped. At low levels, hydrogen sulfide causes irritation of the eyes, nose, and throat. Moderate levels can cause headache, dizziness, nausea, and vomiting, as well as coughing and difficulty breathing. Higher levels can cause shock, convulsions, coma, and death. After a serious exposure, symptoms usually begin immediately.

**DELAYED OR OTHER SYMPTOMS AND HEALTH EFFECTS:** Not classified.

#### **4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

**Note to Physicians:** Administration of 100% oxygen and supportive care is the preferred treatment for poisoning by hydrogen sulfide gas. For additional information on H<sub>2</sub>S, see Chevron SDS No. 301.

### **SECTION 5 FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES**

#### **5.1 Extinguishing media**

Use water fog, foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>) to extinguish flames.

#### **5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**

**Combustion Products:** Highly dependent on combustion conditions. A complex mixture of airborne solids, liquids, and gases including carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and unidentified organic compounds will be evolved when this material undergoes combustion. Combustion may form oxides of: Calcium, Phosphorus, Sulfur, Zinc .

#### **5.3 Advice for firefighters**

This material will burn although it is not easily ignited. See Section 7 for proper handling and storage. For fires involving this material, do not enter any enclosed or confined fire space without proper protective equipment, including self-contained breathing apparatus.

### **SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

#### **6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

Eliminate all sources of ignition in vicinity of spilled material. Refer to Sections 5 and 8 for more information.

#### **6.2 Environmental precautions**

Stop the source of the release if you can do it without risk. Contain release to prevent further contamination of soil, surface water or groundwater.

#### **6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up**

Clean up spill as soon as possible, observing precautions in Exposure Controls/Personal Protection. Use appropriate techniques such as applying non-combustible absorbent materials or pumping. Where

feasible and appropriate, remove contaminated soil and dispose of in a manner consistent with applicable requirements. Place other contaminated materials in disposable containers and dispose of in a manner consistent with applicable requirements. Report spills to local authorities as appropriate or required.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

See sections 8 and 13.

### SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

**General Handling Information:** Avoid contaminating soil or releasing this material into sewage and drainage systems and bodies of water.

**Precautionary Measures:** Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not taste or swallow. Do not breathe gas. Wash thoroughly after handling.

**Unusual Handling Hazards:** Toxic quantities of hydrogen sulfide (H<sub>2</sub>S) may be present in storage tanks and bulk transport vessels which contain or have contained this material. Persons opening or entering these compartments should first determine if H<sub>2</sub>S is present. See Exposure Controls/Personal Protection -Section 8. Do not attempt rescue of a person over exposed to H<sub>2</sub>S without wearing approved supplied-air or self-contained breathing equipment. If there is a potential for exceeding one-half the occupational exposure standard, monitoring of hydrogen sulfide levels is required. Since the sense of smell cannot be relied upon to detect the presence of H<sub>2</sub>S, the concentration should be measured by the use of fixed or portable devices.

**Static Hazard:** Electrostatic charge may accumulate and create a hazardous condition when handling this material. To minimize this hazard, bonding and grounding may be necessary but may not, by themselves, be sufficient. Review all operations which have the potential of generating and accumulating an electrostatic charge and/or a flammable atmosphere (including tank and container filling, splash filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, filtering, mixing, agitation, and vacuum truck operations) and use appropriate mitigating procedures.

**Container Warnings:** Container is not designed to contain pressure. Do not use pressure to empty container or it may rupture with explosive force. Empty containers retain product residue (solid, liquid, and/or vapor) and can be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, static electricity, or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury or death. Empty containers should be completely drained, properly closed, and promptly returned to a drum reconditioner or disposed of properly.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Not Applicable

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s): Drive Train Fluid

### SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### GENERAL CONSIDERATIONS:

Consider the potential hazards of this material (see Section 2), applicable exposure limits, job activities, and other substances in the workplace when designing engineering controls and selecting personal protective equipment (PPE). If engineering controls or work practices are not adequate to prevent exposure to harmful levels of this material, refer to PPE information below.

Factors that affect PPE include, but are not limited to: properties of the chemical, other chemicals which may contact the same PPE, physical requirements (fit & sizing, cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection, etc.), and potential allergic reactions to the PPE material. It is the responsibility of the user to read and understand all instructions and limitations supplied with the equipment since protection is usually provided for a limited time or under certain circumstances. Refer to appropriate CEN standards.

#### 8.1 Control parameters

##### Occupational Exposure Limits:

Component	Country/ Agency	Form	TWA	STEL	Ceiling	Notation
Highly refined mineral oil (C15 - C50)	Norway	--	1 mg/m3	--	--	--

Consult local authorities for appropriate values.

## 8.2 Exposure controls

### ENGINEERING CONTROLS:

Use in a well-ventilated area.

### PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

**Eye/Face Protection:** Wear protective equipment to prevent eye contact. Selection of protective equipment may include safety glasses, chemical goggles, face shields, or a combination depending on the work operations conducted.

**Skin Protection:** Wear chemical personal protective equipment (PPE) to prevent skin contact. Selection of chemical protective clothing should be performed by an Occupational Hygienist or Safety Professional and be based upon applicable standards (ASTM F739 or EN 374). Using chemical PPE depends upon operations conducted and may include chemical gloves, boots, chemical apron, chemical suit, and complete facial protection. **Refer to PPE manufacturers to obtain breakthrough time information to determine how long PPE can be used before it needs to be replaced.** Unless specific glove manufacturer data indicates otherwise, the below table is based upon available industry data to assist in the glove selection process and is intended to be used as reference only.

Chemical Glove Material	Thickness (mm)	Typical Breakthrough Time (minutes)
Butyl	0.7	120
Nitrile	0.8	240
Viton Butyl	0.3	240

**Respiratory Protection:** No respiratory protection is normally required. If material is heated and emits hydrogen sulfide, determine if airborne concentrations are below the occupational exposure limit for hydrogen sulfide. If not, wear an approved positive pressure air-supplying respirator. For more information on hydrogen sulfide, see Chevron SDS No. 301. If user operations generate an oil mist, determine if airborne concentrations are below the occupational exposure limit for mineral oil mist. If not, wear an approved respirator that provides adequate protection from the measured concentrations of this material. For air-purifying respirators use a particulate cartridge.

### ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS:

See relevant Community environmental protection legislation or the Annex, as applicable.

## SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

**Attention: the data below are typical values and do not constitute a specification.**

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

#### Appearance

**Color:** Brown to yellow

**Physical State:** Liquid

**Odor:** Petroleum odor

**Odor Threshold:** No data available

**pH:** Not Applicable

**Melting Point:** No data available

**Freezing Point:** Not Applicable

**Initial Boiling Point:** No data available

**Flashpoint:** (Cleveland Open Cup) 205 °C (401 °F) (Minimum)

**Evaporation Rate:** No data available  
**Flammability (solid, gas):** Not Applicable  
**Flammability (Explosive) Limits (% by volume in air):**  
Lower: Not Applicable Upper: Not Applicable  
**Vapor Pressure:** No data available  
**Relative Vapor Density:** No data available  
**Density:** 0.8763 kg/l - 0.8953 kg/l @ 15°C (59°F)  
**Solubility:** Soluble in hydrocarbons; insoluble in water  
**Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (logarithmic value):** No data available  
**Auto-ignition temperature:** No data available  
**Decomposition temperature:** No data available  
**Kinematic Viscosity:** 6.6 mm<sup>2</sup>/s - 19.1 mm<sup>2</sup>/s @ 100°C (212°F)  
**Explosive Properties:** No Data Available  
**Oxidising properties:** No Data Available

**9.2 Other Information:** No Data Available

## SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

**10.1 Reactivity:** May react with strong acids or strong oxidizing agents, such as chlorates, nitrates, peroxides, etc.

**10.2 Chemical Stability:** This material is considered stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

**10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions:** Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

**10.4 Conditions to Avoid:** Not applicable

**10.5 Incompatible materials to avoid:** Not applicable

**10.6 Hazardous decomposition products:** Alkyl Mercaptans (Elevated temperatures), Hydrogen Sulfide (Elevated temperatures)

## SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

#### Product Information:

**Serious Eye Damage/Irritation:** The material is not considered an eye irritant. The product has not been tested. The statement is based on evaluation of data for similar materials or product components.

**Skin Corrosion/Irritation:** The material is not considered a skin irritant. The product has not been tested. The statement is based on evaluation of data for similar materials or product components.

**Skin Sensitization:** The material is not considered a skin sensitizer. The product has not been tested. The statement is based on evaluation of data for similar materials or product components.

**Acute Dermal Toxicity:** The material is not considered a dermal toxicant. The product has not been tested. The statement is based on evaluation of data for similar materials or product components.

**Acute Toxicity Estimate (dermal):** Not Applicable

**Acute Oral Toxicity:** The material is not considered an oral toxicant. The product has not been tested. The statement is based on evaluation of data for similar materials or product components.

**Acute Toxicity Estimate (oral):** Not Applicable

**Acute Inhalation Toxicity:** The material is not considered an inhalation toxicant. The product has not been tested. The statement is based on evaluation of data for similar materials or product components.

**Acute Toxicity Estimate (inhalation):** Not Applicable

**Germ Cell Mutagenicity:** The material is not considered a mutagen. The product has not been tested.

The statement is based on evaluation of data for similar materials or product components.

**Carcinogenicity:** The material is not considered a carcinogen. The product has not been tested. The statement is based on evaluation of data for similar materials or product components.

**Reproductive Toxicity:** The material is not considered a reproductive toxicant. The product has not been tested. The statement is based on evaluation of data for similar materials or product components.

**Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure:** The material is not considered a target organ toxicant (single exposure). The product has not been tested. The statement is based on evaluation of data for similar materials or product components.

**Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure:** The material is not considered a target organ toxicant (repeated exposure). The product has not been tested. The statement is based on evaluation of data for similar materials or product components.

**Aspiration Hazard:** The material is not considered an aspiration hazard.

**Component Information:**

<b>Serious Eye Damage/Irritation:</b>	
Highly refined mineral oil (C15 - C50)	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Phenol,paraalkylation prod. with C10-15 branched olefins (C12 rich) derived from propene oligomerization,carbonates,Ca salts,overbased,sulfurized including dist. (petroleum),hydrotreated,solvent-refined/dewaxed,cat. dewaxed,light/heavy paraffinic C15-C50†	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Zinc bis[O,O-bis(2-ethylhexyl)] bis(dithiophosphate)	Test Result: Causes serious eye damage * read-across data from similar material
Phenol, dodecyl-, branched	Test Result: Causes serious eye damage

<b>Skin Corrosion/Irritation:</b>	
Highly refined mineral oil (C15 - C50)	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Phenol,paraalkylation prod. with C10-15 branched olefins (C12 rich) derived from propene oligomerization,carbonates,Ca salts,overbased,sulfurized including dist. (petroleum),hydrotreated,solvent-refined/dewaxed,cat. dewaxed,light/heavy paraffinic C15-C50†	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Zinc bis[O,O-bis(2-ethylhexyl)] bis(dithiophosphate)	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Phenol, dodecyl-, branched	Test Result: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage * read-across data from similar material

<b>Skin Sensitization:</b>	
Highly refined mineral oil (C15 - C50)	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Phenol,paraalkylation prod. with C10-15 branched olefins (C12 rich) derived from propene oligomerization,carbonates,Ca salts,overbased,sulfurized including dist. (petroleum),hydrotreated,solvent-refined/dewaxed,cat. dewaxed,light/heavy paraffinic C15-C50†	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Zinc bis[O,O-bis(2-ethylhexyl)] bis(dithiophosphate)	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Phenol, dodecyl-, branched	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
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**Acute Dermal Toxicity:**

Highly refined mineral oil (C15 - C50)	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Phenol, paraalkylation prod. with C10-15 branched olefins (C12 rich) derived from propene oligomerization, carbonates, Ca salts, overbased, sulfurized including dist. (petroleum), hydrotreated, solvent-refined/dewaxed, cat. dewaxed, light/heavy paraffinic C15-C50†	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Zinc bis[O,O-bis(2-ethylhexyl)] bis(dithiophosphate)	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Phenol, dodecyl-, branched	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

**Acute Oral Toxicity:**

Highly refined mineral oil (C15 - C50)	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Phenol, paraalkylation prod. with C10-15 branched olefins (C12 rich) derived from propene oligomerization, carbonates, Ca salts, overbased, sulfurized including dist. (petroleum), hydrotreated, solvent-refined/dewaxed, cat. dewaxed, light/heavy paraffinic C15-C50†	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Zinc bis[O,O-bis(2-ethylhexyl)] bis(dithiophosphate)	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Phenol, dodecyl-, branched	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

**Acute Inhalation Toxicity:**

Highly refined mineral oil (C15 - C50)	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Phenol, paraalkylation prod. with C10-15 branched olefins (C12 rich) derived from propene oligomerization, carbonates, Ca salts, overbased, sulfurized including dist. (petroleum), hydrotreated, solvent-refined/dewaxed, cat. dewaxed, light/heavy paraffinic C15-C50†	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Zinc bis[O,O-bis(2-ethylhexyl)] bis(dithiophosphate)	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Phenol, dodecyl-, branched	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

**Germ Cell Mutagenicity:**

Highly refined mineral oil (C15 - C50)	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Phenol, paraalkylation prod. with C10-15 branched olefins (C12 rich) derived from propene oligomerization, carbonates, Ca salts, overbased, sulfurized including dist. (petroleum), hydrotreated, solvent-refined/dewaxed, cat. dewaxed, light/heavy paraffinic C15-C50†	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Zinc bis[O,O-bis(2-ethylhexyl)] bis(dithiophosphate)	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Phenol, dodecyl-, branched	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

**Carcinogenicity:**

Highly refined mineral oil (C15 - C50)	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Phenol, paraalkylation prod. with C10-15	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

branched olefins (C12 rich) derived from propene oligomerization, carbonates, Ca salts, overbased, sulfurized including dist. (petroleum), hydrotreated, solvent-refined/dewaxed, cat. dewaxed, light/heavy paraffinic C15-C50†	
Zinc bis[O,O-bis(2-ethylhexyl)] bis(dithiophosphate)	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Phenol, dodecyl-, branched	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

#### Reproductive Toxicity:

Highly refined mineral oil (C15 - C50)	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Phenol, paraalkylation prod. with C10-15 branched olefins (C12 rich) derived from propene oligomerization, carbonates, Ca salts, overbased, sulfurized including dist. (petroleum), hydrotreated, solvent-refined/dewaxed, cat. dewaxed, light/heavy paraffinic C15-C50†	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Zinc bis[O,O-bis(2-ethylhexyl)] bis(dithiophosphate)	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Phenol, dodecyl-, branched	Test Result: May damage fertility or the unborn child if ingested based on animal data

#### Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure:

Highly refined mineral oil (C15 - C50)	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Phenol, paraalkylation prod. with C10-15 branched olefins (C12 rich) derived from propene oligomerization, carbonates, Ca salts, overbased, sulfurized including dist. (petroleum), hydrotreated, solvent-refined/dewaxed, cat. dewaxed, light/heavy paraffinic C15-C50†	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Zinc bis[O,O-bis(2-ethylhexyl)] bis(dithiophosphate)	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Phenol, dodecyl-, branched	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

#### Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure:

Highly refined mineral oil (C15 - C50)	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Phenol, paraalkylation prod. with C10-15 branched olefins (C12 rich) derived from propene oligomerization, carbonates, Ca salts, overbased, sulfurized including dist. (petroleum), hydrotreated, solvent-refined/dewaxed, cat. dewaxed, light/heavy paraffinic C15-C50†	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Zinc bis[O,O-bis(2-ethylhexyl)] bis(dithiophosphate)	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Phenol, dodecyl-, branched	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

#### ADDITIONAL TOXICOLOGY INFORMATION:

Tetrapropenyl phenol (TPP), also known as dodecyl phenol, was tested in a rat oral gavage one-generation reproductive toxicity study (doses of 0, 5, 25, or 125 mg/kg/day) and a rat dietary two-generation reproductive toxicity study (doses of 0, 1.5, 15, or 75 mg/kg/day). Results from the one-generation study demonstrated reduced ovary weights and changes in male reproductive accessory organs (decreased organ weights, decreased secretions, and decreased epididymal sperm concentrations) at 25 mg/kg/day; 5 mg/kg/day was identified as the No Observed Adverse Effect Level (NOAEL). Results from the two-generation study demonstrated prolonged estrous cyclicity, reduced

ovary weights, accelerated sexual maturation, decreased mean live litter size, decreased fertility rates, hypospermia, and reduced weights in male reproductive accessory organs at 75 mg/kg/day; 15 mg/kg/day was identified as the NOAEL.

**11.2 Information on other hazards**

Phenol, dodecyl-,branched was concluded to be an endocrine disruptor with regard to human health in a Substance Evaluation Report conducted by Germany. This conclusion was based on: weak binding in an in vitro estrogen receptor competitive binding assay (US EPA OPPTS 890:1250); slight increase to uterine weight in an OECD 440 uterotrophic assay; accelerated vaginal opening in a female pubertal assay (similar to US EPA OPPTS 890.1450).

**SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

**Product Information:**

**12.1 Toxicity**

This material is not expected to be harmful to aquatic organisms. The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components.

This material contains one or more components that have a branched alkylphenol impurity that is highly toxic to aquatic organisms (disclosed in section 3). The components containing the impurity have been tested and are not toxic to aquatic organisms. Therefore the data in Section 3 for the alkylphenol impurity should not be used to classify the product for aquatic toxicity.

**12.2 Persistence and degradability**

This material is not expected to be readily biodegradable. The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components.

**12.3 Bioaccumulative potential**

Bioconcentration Factor: No Data Available

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (logarithmic value): No data available

**12.4 Mobility in soil**

No data available.

**12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment**

This product is not, or does not contain, a substance that is a potential PBT or a vPvB.

**12.6 Endocrine Disrupting Properties**

Phenol, dodecyl-,branched was concluded to be an endocrine disruptor for the environment in a Substance Evaluation Report conducted by Germany. No studies assessing the endocrine disrupting potential in the environment are available.

**12.7 Other adverse effects**

No other adverse effects identified.

**Component Information:**

<b>Acute Toxicity:</b>	
Highly refined mineral oil (C15 - C50)	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Phenol,paraalkylation prod. with C10-15 branched olefins (C12 rich) derived from propene oligomerization,carbonates,Ca salts,overbased,sulfurized including dist.(petroleum),hydrotreated,solvent-refined/dewaxed,cat.dewaxed,light/heavy paraffinic C15-C50+	No test data available
Zinc bis[O,O-bis(2-ethylhexyl)]bis(dithiophosphate)	Test Qualifier: EC50 Test Result: 1.2 mg/l

	Species: Invertebrate Duration:48 hour(s) * read-across data from similar material
Phenol, dodecyl-, branched	No test data available

<b>Long-term Toxicity:</b>	
Highly refined mineral oil (C15 - C50)	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Phenol,paraalkylation prod. with C10-15 branched olefins (C12 rich) derived from propene oligomerization,carbonates,Ca salts,overbased,sulfurized including dist. (petroleum),hydrotreated,solvent-refined/dewaxed,cat. dewaxed,light/heavy paraffinic C15-C50†	No test data available
Zinc bis[O,O-bis(2-ethylhexyl)] bis(dithiophosphate)	No test data available
Phenol, dodecyl-, branched	No test data available

<b>Biodegradation:</b>	
Highly refined mineral oil (C15 - C50)	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Phenol,paraalkylation prod. with C10-15 branched olefins (C12 rich) derived from propene oligomerization,carbonates,Ca salts,overbased,sulfurized including dist. (petroleum),hydrotreated,solvent-refined/dewaxed,cat. dewaxed,light/heavy paraffinic C15-C50†	Not applicable
Zinc bis[O,O-bis(2-ethylhexyl)] bis(dithiophosphate)	Test Result: Not readily biodegradable
Phenol, dodecyl-, branched	Not applicable

<b>Bioaccumulative Potential:</b>	
Highly refined mineral oil (C15 - C50)	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Phenol,paraalkylation prod. with C10-15 branched olefins (C12 rich) derived from propene oligomerization,carbonates,Ca salts,overbased,sulfurized including dist. (petroleum),hydrotreated,solvent-refined/dewaxed,cat. dewaxed,light/heavy paraffinic C15-C50†	No test data available
Zinc bis[O,O-bis(2-ethylhexyl)] bis(dithiophosphate)	No test data available
Phenol, dodecyl-, branched	No test data available

## SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Use material for its intended purpose or recycle if possible. Oil collection services are available for used oil recycling or disposal. Place contaminated materials in containers and dispose of in a manner consistent with applicable regulations. Contact your sales representative or local environmental or health authorities for approved disposal or recycling methods.

In accordance with European Waste Catalogue (E.W.C.) the codification is the following:13.02.05

## SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

The description shown may not apply to all shipping situations. Consult appropriate Dangerous Goods Regulations for additional description requirements (e.g., technical name) and mode-specific or quantity-

specific shipping requirements.

#### **ADR/RID**

NOT REGULATED AS DANGEROUS GOODS FOR TRANSPORT

- 14.1 UN Number or ID Number:** Not applicable
- 14.2 UN proper shipping name:** Not applicable
- 14.3 Transport hazard class(es):** Not applicable
- 14.4 Packing group:** Not applicable
- 14.5 Environmental hazards:** Not applicable
- 14.6 Special precautions for user:** Not applicable

#### **ICAO / IATA**

NOT REGULATED AS DANGEROUS GOODS FOR TRANSPORT

- 14.1 UN Number or ID Number:** Not applicable
- 14.2 UN proper shipping name:** Not applicable
- 14.3 Transport hazard class(es):** Not applicable
- 14.4 Packing group:** Not applicable
- 14.5 Environmental hazards:** Not applicable
- 14.6 Special precautions for user:** Not applicable

#### **IMO / IMDG**

NOT REGULATED AS DANGEROUS GOODS FOR TRANSPORT

- 14.1 UN Number or ID Number:** Not applicable
- 14.2 UN proper shipping name:** Not applicable
- 14.3 Transport hazard class(es):** Not applicable
- 14.4 Packing group:** Not applicable
- 14.5 Environmental hazards:** Not applicable
- 14.6 Special precautions for user:** Not applicable
- 14.7 Maritime Transport in Bulk according to IMO Instruments:** Not applicable

### **SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION**

#### **15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture REGULATORY LISTS SEARCHED:**

- 01=EU Directive 76/769/EEC: Restrictions on the marketing and use of certain dangerous substances.
- 02=EU Directive 90/394/EEC: Carcinogens at work.
- 03=EU Directive 92/85/EEC: Pregnant or breastfeeding workers.
- 04=EU Directive 2012/18/EU: Seveso III.
- 05=EU Directive 98/24/EC: Chemical agents at work.
- 06=EU Directive 2004/37/EC: On the protection of workers.
- 07=EU Regulation EC No. 689/2008: Annex 1, Part 1.
- 08=EU Regulation EC No. 689/2008: Annex 1, Part 2.
- 09=EU Regulation EC No. 689/2008: Annex 1, Part 3.
- 10=EU Regulation EC No. 850/2004: Prohibiting and restricting persistent organic pollutants (POPs).
- 11=EU REACH, Annex XVII: Restrictions on manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixture & article.
- 12=EU REACH, Annex XIV: Authorization List or Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for Authorization (SVHC).

The following components of this material are found on the regulatory lists indicated.

Phenol, dodecyl-, branched 12

#### **CHEMICAL INVENTORIES:**

All components comply with the following chemical inventory requirements: AIIC (Australia), DSL

(Canada), EINECS (European Union), ENCS (Japan), KECI (Korea), NZIoC (New Zealand), PICCS (Philippines), TCSI (Taiwan), TSCA (United States).

## 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment.

### SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION

**REVISION STATEMENT:** SECTION 01 - Company SDS Address information was modified.

SECTION 01 - Web Address information was modified.

SECTION 03 - Composition information was modified.

SECTION 05 - Fire Fighters Protection Measures information was modified.

SECTION 08 - Skin Protection information was modified.

SECTION 09 - Physical/Chemical Properties information was modified.

SECTION 11 - Toxicological Information information was modified.

SECTION 12 - Ecological Information information was modified.

**Revision Date:** May 06, 2024

#### Full text of CLP H-statements:

Aquatic Acute 1/H400; Very toxic to aquatic life

Aquatic Chronic 1/H410; Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Aquatic Chronic 2/H411; Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Aquatic Chronic 4/H413; May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life

Eye Dam. 1/H318; Causes serious eye damage

Repr. 1B/H360F; May damage fertility

Skin Corr. 1C/H314; Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

#### ABBREVIATIONS THAT MAY HAVE BEEN USED IN THIS DOCUMENT:

TLV - Threshold Limit Value	TWA - Time Weighted Average
STEL - Short-term Exposure Limit	PEL - Permissible Exposure Limit
CVX - Chevron	CAS - Chemical Abstract Service Number
NQ - Not Quantifiable	

Prepared according to the EU Regulation 1907/2006 (as amended) by Chevron.

**The above information is based on the data of which we are aware and is believed to be correct as of the date hereof. Since this information may be applied under conditions beyond our control and with which we may be unfamiliar and since data made available subsequent to the date hereof may suggest modifications of the information, we do not assume any responsibility for the results of its use. This information is furnished upon condition that the person receiving it shall make his own determination of the suitability of the material for his particular purpose.**

**No Annex**